

## CMCSS Explicit Instruction – Quick Reference Guide

<b>Checks for Understanding (CFUs)</b> - Verifies students are learning what is being taught WHILE it is being taught	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Occurs continually throughout entire lesson</li> <li>Teacher CFU every 2-3 minutes, or each time a rule, definition, or strategy is taught</li> <li><b>TAPPLE</b> – Teach first, Ask a question, Pause, Pick a non-volunteer, Listen, Effective feedback</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QU</li> <li>FEED</li> </ul>
<b>Set (Overview)</b> - Sets the stage and prepares students for new learning	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Clear Target</b> (Learning Objective) – statement describing what students will be able to do by the end of the lesson                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Comes directly from deconstructed state standard</li> <li>Must match Independent Practice</li> <li>Students understand and can explain clear target</li> </ul> </li> <li><b>Activate Prior Knowledge</b> – connection between what students already know and the new content they will learn                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use universal experiences or sub-skill review</li> <li>Should take no longer than 5 minutes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Occurs at the beginning of every lesson, even if concept and skill development are being carried over from previous day's lesson</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO</li> <li>TCK</li> <li>MOT</li> <li>LSP</li> </ul>
<b>Direct Instruction (I do)</b> - Teacher presents new concept and skill; teacher conveys lesson importance (cycle back to this phase as often as needed)	
<u>Content is presented by:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Explaining</b> - Teach by telling; usually done in 3<sup>rd</sup> person; example: "The distance around something is called the perimeter. It can be measured by..."</li> <li><b>Modeling</b> - Teach by using think-alouds to reveal strategic thinking processes; done in 1<sup>st</sup> person; example: "I know that the distance around this is called the perimeter, and remember that I can find the perimeter by..."</li> <li><b>Demonstrating</b> - Teach by using physical objects to clarify content and support kinesthetic learning; usually done in 3<sup>rd</sup> person; example: (Showing a picture frame and tracing edges with finger) "The distance around something is called the perimeter. It can be measured by..."</li> </ul> <u>Lesson Importance:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Facilitates understanding of why the content is important; can occur at any point during the lesson, depending on when students have understanding of concept; use personal, real-life, and academic reasons</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO</li> <li>TCK</li> <li>TKS</li> <li>PIC</li> <li>ACTM</li> <li>TH</li> <li>PS</li> <li>QU</li> <li>FEED</li> </ul>
<b>Guided Practice (We do)</b> - Students perform initial practice, step-by-step under direct guidance from teacher with gradual release of responsibility to students as phase progresses; teacher shifts from leader to support role (cycle back to this phase as often as needed)	
<u>Teacher leads:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Students perform initial practice step-by-step at the same time as teacher</li> <li>Teacher checks for understanding at each step in the process</li> <li>Teacher quickly corrects any errors or misconceptions noted</li> <li>Teacher gradually releases responsibility to students as phase progresses (student-facilitated)</li> </ul> <u>Teacher supports:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Teacher provides multiple practice opportunities</li> <li>Teacher moves about the room to monitor and give feedback/clarification</li> <li>Teacher pulls small groups/individuals for additional instruction or enrichment as needed</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>TCK</li> <li>TKS</li> <li>GRP</li> <li>ACTM</li> <li>QU</li> <li>FEED</li> </ul>
<b>Independent Practice (You do)</b> - Students apply new skill or concept in a given context on their own	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides students with additional repetitions of the lesson's concepts and skills to promote long-term retention of concepts and increase automaticity of skills</li> <li>Consists of any type of assignments students complete by themselves without teacher's help</li> <li>Ties directly to Clear Target</li> <li>Is structured with clear student expectations</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO</li> <li>TCK</li> <li>TKS</li> <li>LSP</li> </ul>
<b>Closure</b> - A wrap-up of the lesson	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Includes a review of the Clear Target</li> <li>Wraps up the learning; helps students bring things together in their minds, making sense of what has been taught</li> <li>Occurs at the end of every lesson, regardless of which component you are on within the instruction cycle (I do, we do, you do)</li> </ul>	<b>TEAM</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SO</li> <li>TCK</li> <li>TKS</li> <li>LSP</li> </ul>

This work is adapted from the following: Hollingsworth, J., & Ybarra, S. (2009) Explicit Direct Instruction (EDI): The Power of the Well-Crafted, Well-taught Lesson. Thousand Oaks, Calif: Corwin Press.