



Dear Parent/Guardian:

Our school records show that your student has a history of **Diabetes**.

If your student's physician does not provide you with a complete and comprehensive Physician Medical Order and Individual Health Care Plan (IHP) for the school, please notify your student's school nurse for a copy of CMCSS Diabetes Individual Health Care Plan (HEA-F042). The CMCSS Individual Health Care Plan includes forms that your child's physician will need to complete.

Both types of Individual Health Care Plans require you and the school nurse to complete them together. ALL Individual Health Care Plans are required to be updated at the beginning of each school year.

Using the Individual Health Care Plan, the school nurse will develop an emergency plan of care that will be distributed to all school personnel that have a responsibility to your student throughout the school day. This emergency plan of care will include the following information:

- Emergency contact information for parent/guardian and health care provider
- Causes of hypoglycemia (low blood sugar) and hyperglycemia (high blood sugar)
- Symptoms of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia that your student experiences
- Actions for treating hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia

We greatly appreciate your time and effort in completing these forms. This is another step in keeping your child safe while getting the best possible education at school. Please feel free to contact your school nurse if you would like to discuss your student's condition or need help completing these forms.



Clarksville-Montgomery Country School System

HEALTH SERVICES

DIABETES INDIVIDUAL HEALTH CARE PLAN

School Year 20____ - 20____

The **student's physician and parent/guardian should complete this plan.** Information provided will serve as a tool to manage the student's diabetes while at school. **Please print** information requested.

Part 1 (Completed by parent/guardian)

Student's Name: _____ Grade: _____

DOB: _____ Age of Diabetes Diagnosis: _____ Teacher: _____

Type of diabetes: _____ Type 1 _____ Type 2 _____

Contact Information

Parent(s)/Guardian: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

Other Emergency Contacts

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Name: _____ Phone: _____

Physician: _____ Telephone: _____ Fax: _____

Address: _____

Part 2 (Completed by Physician)

Blood Glucose Monitoring

Target range for blood glucose is _____ 70-150 _____ 70 - 180 _____ Other _____

Usual times to check blood glucose _____

Times to do extra blood glucose checks (*check all that apply*)

_____ before exercise

_____ after exercise

_____ when student exhibits symptoms of hyperglycemia

_____ when student exhibits symptoms of hypoglycemia

_____ other (explain) _____

Can student perform his/her own blood glucose checks? _____ Yes _____ No

Exceptions _____

Type of blood glucose meter student uses _____

Base dose of Insulin

_____ Humalog/Novolog/Regular (circle type) insulin at lunch is _____ units.

_____ Flexible dosing using _____ units/ _____ grams carbohydrate

_____ Intermediate/NPH/Lente/Lantus/Ultralente (circle type) insulin at lunch is _____ units.

_____ Additional comments _____

Insulin Correction Doses

Parental Authorization should be obtained before administering a correction dose for high blood glucose levels.

_____ Yes _____ No

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

_____ units if blood glucose is _____ to _____ mg/dl

Can student give his/her own insulin injections? _____ Yes _____ No

Can student determine correct amount of insulin? _____ Yes _____ No

Can student draw correct dose of insulin? _____ Yes _____ No

_____ (Physician Initials) Parents are authorized to adjust the insulin dosage under the following circumstances: _____

For Students With Insulin Pumps

Type of pump: _____ Basal rates: _____ 12am to _____
_____ to _____
_____ to _____

Type of insulin in pump _____

Type of infusion set _____

Insulin/carbohydrate ratio _____ Correction factor _____

Student Pump Abilities/Skill

Count carbohydrates _____ Yes _____ No

Bolus correct amount for carbohydrates consumed _____ Yes _____ No

Calculate and administer corrective bolus _____ Yes _____ No

Calculate and set temporary basal rate _____ Yes _____ No

Disconnect pump _____ Yes _____ No

Reconnect pump at infusion set _____ Yes _____ No

Prepare reservoir and tubing _____ Yes _____ No

Insert infusion set _____ Yes _____ No

Troubleshoot alarms and malfunctions _____ Yes _____ No

For Students Taking Oral Diabetes Medications

Medication _____ Dose _____ Time of dose _____

Meals and Snacks Eaten at School

Is student independent in carbohydrate calculations and management? _____ Yes _____ No

Meals/Snack _____ *Time* _____ *Food content/amount* _____

Breakfast _____

Mid-morning snack _____

Lunch _____

Mid-afternoon snack _____

Snack before exercise? _____ Yes _____ No
Snack after exercise? _____ Yes _____ No
Other times to give snacks and content/amount _____
Preferred snack foods (to be provided by parent/guardian) _____
Instructions for when food is provided to the class (class party or food sampling) _____

Exercise and Sports

Fast-acting carbohydrates such as _____ should be available at the site of exercise or sports. These will be provided by the parent/guardian.

Restrictions on activity, if any: _____

Student should not exercise if blood glucose level is below _____ mg/dl or above _____ mg/dl or if moderate to large ketones are present.

Hypoglycemia (*Low Blood Sugar*)

Usual symptoms of hypoglycemia _____

Treatment of hypoglycemia _____

_____ Glucagon should be given if the student is unconscious, having a seizure, or unable to swallow.

Route _____ Dosage _____ Site for glucagon injection: _____ arm, _____ thigh, _____ other.

NOTE: IF GLUCAGON IS ADMINISTERED, EMS (911) IS CALLED.

Hyperglycemia (*High Blood Sugar*)

Usual symptoms of hyperglycemia _____

Treatment of hyperglycemia _____

Urine should be checked for ketones when blood glucose levels are above _____ mg/dl.

Treatment for ketones _____

Supplies provided by parents/guardian for use at school

_____ Blood glucose meter, blood glucose test strips, batteries for meter

_____ Lancet device, lancets, alcohol pads

_____ Urine ketone strips

_____ Insulin vials and syringes

_____ Insulin pump and supplies

_____ Insulin pen, pen needles, insulin cartridges

_____ Fast acting source of glucose _____

_____ Glucagon emergency kits

Other physician orders _____

This Diabetes Individual Healthcare plan has been approved by:

Physician Name: _____ Date: _____

Physician Signature: _____

Part 3 (Completed by parent/guardian)

I give permission to the school nurse and/or other designated staff member (Trained Diabetes Personnel) of the CMCSS to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks or assist student with diabetes care tasks outlined in the Diabetes Individual Health Care Plan. I also consent to the release of the information contained in this Diabetes Individual Health Care Plan to CMCSS employees and emergency contact persons (listed in Part 1) on a need to know basis of this information, to maintain my child's health and safety.

I give permission for school nurse and Health Care Provider to exchange health care information about my child's diabetic condition and the management of the diabetic condition.

I am aware that the nurse will keep me informed (telephone or written communications) of eventful occurrences about my child's medical condition.

I am aware that it is my responsibility to provide all necessary supplies and snacks that my child needs for monitoring and managing his/her medical condition.

Parent(s)/Guardian Signature

Date

SPACE BELOW FOR SCHOOL NURSE TO NOTE CHANGES IN PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS

HYPOGLYCEMIA (Low Blood Sugar)

School year: _____

Student's Name: _____ Date of Plan: _____

School: _____ Teacher: _____ Grade: _____

Emergency Contact Information:

Mother / Guardian: _____

Home phone: _____ Work phone: _____ Cell phone: _____

Father / Guardian: _____

Home phone: _____ Work phone: _____ Cell phone: _____

NEVER SEND OR LEAVE A STUDENT WITH SUSPECTED LOW BLOOD SUGAR ANYWHERE ALONE

<u>Causes of Hypoglycemia:</u>		<u>Onset:</u>
o Too much insulin	o Delayed food	o Sudden
o Missed food	o Unscheduled exercise	
o Too much or too intense exercise		

Symptoms:

<u>Mild</u>	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>Severe</u>
___ Irritability ___ Sweating	___ Blurry Vision ___ Headache	___ Loss of consciousness
___ Shakiness ___ Paleness	___ Confusion ___ Weakness	___ Seizure
___ Weakness ___ Anxiety	___ Behavior change	___ Inability to swallow
___ Drowsiness ___ Hunger	___ Slurred speech	
___ Dizziness ___ Personality change	___ Poor coordination	
___ Inability to concentrate	___ Other _____	
___ Other _____		
<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>	<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>	<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>

What to do:

Notify School Nurse or Trained Diabetic Personnel
Check Blood Sugar

When in doubt, always TREAT FOR HYPOGLYCEMIA

<u>Mild / Moderate</u>	<u>Severe</u>
o Student ___ MAY / ___ MAY NOT treat self	o Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth
o Provide quick sugar source (3 - 4 glucose tablets OR 4 oz. juice OR 6 oz regular, non-diet, soda OR 3 tsp glucose gel)	o Contact School Nurse or Trained Diabetic Personnel
o Wait 10-15 minutes then recheck blood sugar	o Administer glucagon
o Repeat food if symptoms persist or if blood sugar is less than _____	Location: _____
o Follow with a snack of protein and carbohydrate (cheese crackers OR peanut butter crackers)	o Position student on side
	o Call 911
	o Contact parents / guardian.

HYPERGLYCEMIA (High Blood Sugar)

School year: _____

Student's Name: _____ Date of Plan: _____

School: _____ Teacher: _____ Grade: _____

Emergency Contact Information:

Mother / Guardian: _____

Home phone: _____ Work phone: _____ Cell phone: _____

Father / Guardian: _____

Home phone: _____ Work phone: _____ Cell phone: _____

<u>Causes of Hyperglycemia:</u>		<u>Onset:</u>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Too much food o Too little insulin o Decreased activity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Illness o Infection o Stress 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Over time - several hours or days 	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 0 auto; width: 80%;"> <u>Symptoms:</u> </div>			
<u>Mild</u>	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>Severe</u>	
___ Thirst ___ Frequent urination ___ Fatigue/sleepiness ___ Increased hunger ___ Blurred vision ___ Weight loss ___ Stomach pains ___ Flushed skin ___ Lack of concentration ___ Sweet, fruity breath ___ Other _____	<u>MILD SYMPTOMS PLUS:</u> ___ Dry mouth ___ Stomach cramps ___ Nausea ___ Vomiting ___ Other _____	<u>MILD and MODERATE SYMPTOMS PLUS:</u> ___ Labored breathing ___ Very weak ___ Confused ___ Unconscious	
<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>	<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>	<i>(check student's USUAL symptoms)</i>	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 0 auto; width: 80%;"> <u>What to do:</u> </div>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Allow student free use of the bathroom o Encourage student to drink water o Contact School Nurse or Trained Diabetic Personnel o Check urine for ketones, if indicated 			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Administer insulin per Diabetic IHP o If student has nausea, vomiting or is lethargic contact parent/guardian o If parent/guardian not available, call 911 			
PLEASE NOTE:			
___ Student is permitted, per IHP, to carry testing supplies and check blood sugar anywhere but CANNOT treat high blood sugar per self. REQUIRES DIRECT ADULT SUPERVISION.			
___ Student is permitted, per IHP, to carry testing supplies as well as insulin; MAY test and treat self anywhere without direct adult supervision.			

AUTHORIZATION FOR MEDICATIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING SCHOOL HOURS

PLEASE NOTE : Medications must be brought to and picked up from school by a parent/guardian or his/her adult designee. Children may not bring medication to school or take medication home unless it is an emergency rescue medication that must remain with the student at all times. Prescription Medication must be in a properly labeled prescription bottle with the student's name, pharmacy name and phone number, date (within current school year), prescriber's name, name of medication, dose and frequency imprinted on the pharmacy label. Over the Counter Medication must be in the manufacturer's original and unopened container which shows a list of ingredients.

The following section is to be completed by the PARENT/GUARDIAN:

School:	Student's Name:	Date of Birth:
<p>I request that my child be assisted in taking medication, described below, at school by legally authorized persons or permitted to medicate himself/herself as also authorized by my child's physician. I also give my permission for school personnel to contact my child's physician. I understand that in a health or safety emergency involving my child, school officials may share confidential health information to appropriate and necessary health, safety or welfare officials.</p> <p>I, _____, will assume any and all responsibility and liability for any problems</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Parent/Guardian's Printed Name</p> <p>with my child taking this medication at school. I release CMCSS and its personnel from any legal claims which they have now, or thereafter have, arising out of medication taken while at school.</p> <p>_____ (____) _____ (____) _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Date Parent/Guardian Signature Home Phone Emergency Phone</p>		

The following section is to be completed by the PHYSICIAN for prescription medications or by PARENT/GUARDIAN for Over the Counter Medications

Name of Medication:	
Diagnosis for which medication is prescribed:	
Route:	Dose:
If medication is to be given daily, at what time? (please consider alternate dosing schedule to minimize medication in school)	
If medication is to be given "when needed" describe indications:	
How soon can it be repeated?	Length of time treatment recommended? ____ Current School Year ____ Other: _____
List significant side effects:	
Provider to initial yes or no for each of the following: Is student permitted to carry and self-administer emergency rescue medication? ____ YES ____ NO Has student been instructed in self administration of prescribed rescue medication? ____ YES ____ NO	
Date	Physician's Signature
Physician's Name, Address and Phone Number:	

Clarksville-Montgomery County School System
HEALTH SERVICES
GLUCAGON MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION GUIDELINES

School personnel will be requested to do this procedure only in **emergency situations**.

If the student becomes unconscious and/or has a blood sugar reading of _____ or less (will be specified on physician orders), Glucagon will be given.

Glucagon will be given as ordered by the physician.

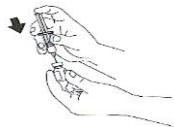
*****CALL 911 if Glucagon is to be administered***** Ask office personnel to contact parent / guardian.

Procedure:

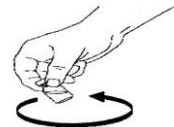
1. Gather Glucagon kit, alcohol swabs, emesis basin, or other container
2. Remove flip off seal on the bottle/vial of powder containing the medication. Wipe rubber stopper with alcohol swab.



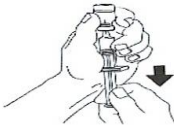
3. Push all fluid from pre-filled syringe into the vial containing the medication. Do not withdraw needle from bottle.



4. Gently shake bottle until all powder is dissolved. The solution should look like water.



5. Turn vial upside down and withdraw all of the solution from the vial. Remove the needle from the vial.



6. Cleanse 2 inch area of upper arm with alcohol swab. (May use thigh or stomach if unable to access arm)
7. Grasp cleansed area between thumb and forefinger with non-dominant hand without squeezing skin.
8. Hold syringe between thumb and forefinger and insert needle at a 90 degree angle using a dart like action.
9. Push plunger all the way down to inject all medication slowly from the syringe.
10. Count to ten and remove the needle. Discard the syringe in the appropriate biohazard container.
11. Turn student to side-lying position. Expect student to vomit, have basin or container ready.
12. Monitor for seizures, breathing, and pulse. If breathing/pulse is absent, begin CPR. If student fully awakens, feed fast acting glucose (i.e. ½ cup juice, soda, milk).
13. Remain with student until arrival of EMS and upon their arrival, follow EMS instructions.